

20-1067: Polyclonal antibody to CARD12 (IPAF/CIAN)

Clonality :	Polyclonal
Application :	WB,IHC,IP
Reactivity :	Human
Gene :	NLRC4
Gene ID :	58484
Uniprot ID :	Q9NPP4
Format :	Sera
Alternative Name :	NLRC4,CARD12,CLAN,CLAN1,IPAF,UNQ6189/PRO20215
lsotype :	Rabbit IgG
Immunogen Information	A synthetic peptide of human IPAF/CIAN/CARD12 (amino acids 971-989 DFSTKEFLPDPALVRKLSQ) was used as immunogen for this antibody

Description

Ipaf (also known as Clan/CARD12/NLRC4) is a CARD domain containing protein belongs to the NLR family. In general CARD proteins are implicated in host defense against infection, environmental stress or cellular damage. CARD domains are homotypic protein interaction motifs that enable networks of proteins to communicate via CARD-CARD interactions. There are at least three major signaling pathways in which CARD proteins act: (1) Regulation of caspase activation in the context of apoptosis (2) Regulation of caspase activation in the context of inflammation (3) Regaultion of NF-kB activation in the context of innate or adaptive immune responses. Ipaf plays a role in regulating caspase-1 activity, which in turn mediates the maturation of inflammatory cytokines IL-1b and IL-18. In transfected cells, Ipaf has been shown to directly interact with procaspase-1 and induce proteolytic activation of procaspase-1 in transfected cells. On the flip side, macrophages from IPAF deficient mice failed to activate caspase-1 in response to Salmonella typhimurium infection underscoring the importance of IPAF in vivo. IPAF also interact with the pro-apoptotic adaptor protein ASC and co-expression of IPAF with ASC has been shown to induce NF-kB activation and apoptosis.

Product Info

Amount :	50 μl
Content :	50 μl sera
Storage condition :	Store the antibody at 4°C, stable for 6 months. For long-term storage, store at -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze and thaw cycles.

Application Note

WB: 1:1000-1:2000, IHC (paraffin): 1:1000-1:5000, IHC (frozen): Users should optimize, IP: 1:50-1:200

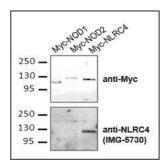


Fig :1 20-1067 specifically recognizes NLRCR4, but not closely related NLR family members NOD1 and NOD2. HEK293T cells transiently transfected with with human NOD1, NOD or NLRC4 c-myc plasmids were IP'd with a c-myc antibody followed by Fig:1 Western blot with the 20-1067 NLRC4 antibody. Data courtesy of Dr Roland Wagner, Sanford-Burnham Medical Institute.