

9853 Pacific Heights Blvd. Suite D. San Diego, CA 92121, USA Tel: 858-263-4982

Email: info@abeomics.com

## 20-1047: Polyclonal antibody to Caspase-9

Clonality: Polyclonal
Application: WB,IHC,IP
Reactivity: Human
Gene: CASP9
Gene ID: 842
Uniprot ID: P55211
Format: Sera

Alternative Name: CASP9,MCH6
Isotype: Rabbit IgG

Immunogen Information: A synthetic peptide of Caspase-9 protein (amino acids 188-206 EKLRRRFSSLHFMVEVKGD) was

used as the immunogen for this antibody

## **Description**

Apoptosis, or programmed cell death, is a common property of all multicellular organisms. The current dogma of apoptosis suggests that the components of the core cell-death machinery are integral to cells and widely conserved across species. Caspases, a family of cysteinyl aspartate-specific proteases, are integral components of the cell death machinery (reviewed in Siegal, 2006; and Lavrik et al, 2005). They play a central role in the initiation and execution of apoptotic cell death and in inflammation. Caspases are typically divided into 3 major groups, depending on the structure of their prodomain and their function. Group 1: inflammatory caspases (caspases 1, 4, 5, 11, 12, 14). Group II: initiator of apoptosis caspases (caspases 2, 8, 9). Group II: effector caspases (caspases 3, 6, 7). Caspases are synthesized as zymogens (inactive pro enzyme precursors which require a biochemical change to become active enzymes) with an N-terminal prodomain of variable length followed by a large subunit (p20) and a small subunit (p10). Caspases are activated through proteolytic cleavage at specific asparagine residues that are located within the prodomain, the p10, and p20 subunits. Activation results in the generation of mature active caspases that consist of the heterotetramer p202-p102. Active caspases mediate cell death and inflammation through cleavage of particular cellular substrates that are involved in these processes. The Caspase-9 polyclonal antisera recognizes the pro form of caspase-9 (approx. 50 kDa), and the large (approx. 35 kDa) subunit of active/cleaved Caspase-9. It does not recognize the small (approx. 15 kDa) subunit of active/cleaved Caspase-9.

## **Product Info**

Amount :  $50 \mu l$  Content :  $50 \mu l$  sera

**Storage condition :** Store the antibody at 4°C, stable for 6 months. For long-term storage, store at -20°C. Avoid

repeated freeze and thaw cycles.

## **Application Note**

WB: 1:1000-1:2000, IHC (paraffin): 1:1000-1:5000, IHC (frozen): Users should optimize, IP: 1:50-1:200



9853 Pacific Heights Blvd. Suite D. San Diego, CA 92121, USA Tel: 858-263-4982

Email: info@abeomics.com

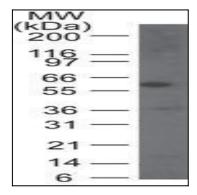


Fig:1 Western blot analysis of Caspase-9 in HeLa cell lysate using Caspase-9 antibody at 1:1000.