

## 32-1685: oProlactin Recombinant Protein

**Alternative Name :** Mamotropin,Luteotropic hormone,Luteotropin,PRL.

### Description

Source : Escherichia Coli. Prolactin Ovine Recombinant produced in E.Coli is a single, non-glycosylated polypeptide chain containing 199 amino acids and having a molecular mass of 23 kDa. The Prolactin n is purified by proprietary chromatographic techniques. Prolactin is a neuroendocrine hormone synthesized primarily by the pituitary gland but also a variety of other cell types including the placenta, brain and uterus. Its primary function is to promote and maintain lactation but has also been shown to have a role in breast cancer development, regulation of reproductive function and immunoregulation.

### Product Info

<b>Amount :</b>	20 µg
<b>Purification :</b>	Greater than 98.0% as determined by:(a) Analysis by SEC-HPLC.(b) Analysis by SDS-PAGE.
<b>Content :</b>	The protein was lyophilized from a concentrated (1mg/ml) solution with 0.0045mM NaHCO <sub>3</sub> . Lyophilized Prolactin although stable at room temperature for 3 weeks, should be stored desiccated below -18°C. Upon reconstitution Prl should be stored at 4°C between 2-7 days and for future use below -18°C.For long term storage it is recommended to add a carrier protein (0.1% HSA or BSA).Please prevent freeze-thaw cycles.
<b>Storage condition :</b>	
<b>Amino Acid :</b>	The sequence of the first five N-terminal amino acids was determined and was found to be Ala-Thr-Pro-Val-Cys-Pro.

### Application Note

It is recommended to reconstitute the lyophilized Prolactin in sterile 18MΩ-cm H<sub>2</sub>O not less than 100µg/ml, which can then be further diluted to other aqueous solutions. Is fully biologically active as evidenced by inducing proliferation of Nb2 cells.

