

30-1533AC: APC Conjugated Anti-AGPS Monoclonal Antibody (Clone: AGPS-03)

Clonality :	Monoclonal
Clone Name :	AGPS-03
Application :	FACS
Reactivity :	Human
Conjugate :	APC
Gene :	AGPS
Gene ID :	8540
Uniprot ID :	O00116
Format :	Purified
Alternative Name :	AGPS,AAG5
Isotype :	Mouse IgG2a
Immunogen Information :	recombinant human AGPS (amino acids 158-384)

Description

AGPS (alkylglycerone phosphate synthase), is an enzyme that catalyzes the second step of ether lipid biosynthesis in which acyl-dihydroxyacetone phosphate (acyl-DHAP) is converted to alkyl-DHAP by addition of a long chain alcohol and removal of a long-chain acid anion. The protein is localized to the inner side of the peroxisomal membrane and requires FAD as a cofactor. Mutations in AGPS gene have been associated with type 3 of rhizomelic chondrodysplasia punctata (RCDP3), and Zellweger syndrome. Higher expression of AGPS was observed in BCR/ABL positive leukemias and it was also described to be associated with higher risk of relapse.

Product Info

Amount :	0.1 mg
Purification :	Purified antibody is conjugated with activated allophycocyanin (APC) under optimum conditions and unconjugated antibody and free fluorochrome are removed by size-exclusion chromatography.
Content :	0.1 mg/ml Stabilizing phosphate buffered saline (PBS), pH 7.4, 15 mM sodium azide
Storage condition :	Store at 2-8°C protected from light. Do not freeze.

Application Note

Flow cytometry: The reagent is designed for analysis of human blood cells using 10 µl reagent / 100 µl of whole blood or 106 cells in a suspension. The content of a vial (1 ml) is sufficient for 100 tests. Intracellular staining.

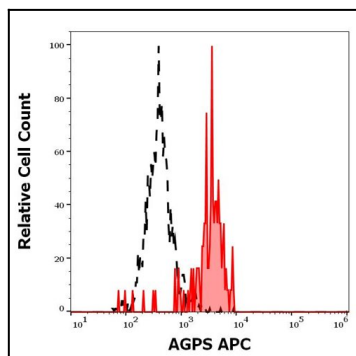


Figure 1: Separation of A431 cells stained using anti-AGPS (MHD4-46) APC antibody (10 μ l reagent per million cells in 100 μ l of cell suspension, red-filled) from A431 cells stained using mouse IgG2a isotype control (MOPC-173) APC antibody (concentration in sample 5 μ g/ml, same as AGPS APC antibody concentration, black-dashed) in flow cytometry analysis (intracellular staining).