

## 30-2825PE: Anti-Hu CD15 (Clone W6D3) PE Conjugated

<b>Clonality :</b>	Monoclonal
<b>Clone Name :</b>	W6D3
<b>Application :</b>	FACS
<b>Reactivity :</b>	Human
<b>Conjugate :</b>	PE
<b>Alternative Name :</b>	Lewis x Blood Group antigen, Le(x), SSEA-1, 3-fucosyl-N-acetyllactosamine
<b>Immunogen Information :</b>	WERI-RB-1 retinoblastoma cell line

### Description

CD15 (Lewis x), also known as stage specific embryonic antigen-1 (SSEA-1) is a trisaccharide determinant (3-fucosyl-N-acetyllactosamine) expressed on several glycolipids, glycoproteins and proteoglycans of various cell types, e.g. granulocytes, mast cells, monocytes, macrophages, cells of gastric mucosa, nervous system or various tumour cells. There are several structural relatives of Lewis x, e.g. sialyl-Lewis x or sulphated Lewis x. Cells with high surface expression of Le(x) antigen exhibit strong self-aggregation, based on calcium-dependent Le(x)-Le(x) interaction. This process is involved for example in embryo compaction or in autoaggregation of teratocarcinoma cells. Sialyl-Le(x) and its isomer sialyl-Le(a) are ligands of selectins. CD15 expression has been extensively used to confirm diagnosis of Hodgkin's disease. Specificity : Mouse monoclonal antibody W6D3 recognizes CD15 in nonterminal position on extracellular glycoproteins. CD15 (a cell membrane 3-fucosyl-N-acetyllactosamine; 3-FAL) is strongly expressed on granulocytes, monocytes, macrophages, mast cells; it is also present on Langerhans cells and some myeloid precursors cells. This is a non-IgM anti-CD15 antibody.

### Product Info

<b>Amount :</b>	100 Tests
<b>Purification :</b>	Purified antibody is conjugated with R-phycoerythrin (PE) under optimum conditions. Unconjugated antibody and free fluorochrome are removed by size-exclusion chromatography.
<b>Content :</b>	Phosphate buffered saline (PBS), pH 7.4, 15 mM sodium azide
<b>Storage condition :</b>	Store at 2-8°C. Protect from prolonged exposure to light. Do not freeze.

### Application Note

Flow cytometry: The reagent is designed for analysis of human blood cells using 10 µl reagent / 100 µl of whole blood or 10<sup>6</sup> cells in a suspension. The content of a vial (1 ml) is sufficient for 100 tests.

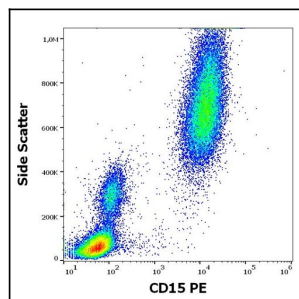


Figure 1: Flow cytometry surface staining pattern of human peripheral whole blood stained using anti-human CD15 (W6D3) PE antibody (10 µl reagent / 100 µl of peripheral whole blood)

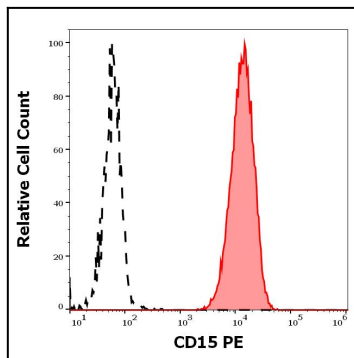


Figure 2: Separation of human neutrophil granulocytes (red-filled) from lymphocytes (black-dashed) in flow cytometry analysis (surface staining) of human peripheral whole blood stained using anti-human CD15 (W6D3) PE antibody (10  $\mu$ l reagent / 100  $\mu$ l of peripheral whole blood).