

## 32-17576: Recombinant Human c-MPL Protein, hFc Tag

**Uniprot ID :** P40238

**Alternative Name :** C-MPL, CD110, MPLV, THCYT2, THPOR, TPOR

### Description

Molecular Characterization: c-MPL(Gln26-Ala490) hFc(Glu99-Ala330)

Molecular weight: The protein has a predicted molecular mass of 78.5 kDa after removal of the signal peptide. The apparent molecular mass of c-MPL-hFc is approximately 100-130 kDa due to glycosylation.

Description: Recombinant Human c-MPL with C-terminal human Fc tag

In 1990 an oncogene, v-mpl, was identified from the murine myeloproliferative leukemia virus that was capable of immortalizing bone marrow hematopoietic cells from different lineages. In 1992 the human homologue, named, c-mpl, was cloned. Sequence data revealed that c-mpl encoded a protein that was homologous with members of the hematopoietic receptor superfamily. Presence of anti-sense oligodeoxynucleotides of c-mpl inhibited megakaryocyte colony formation. The ligand for c-mpl, thrombopoietin, was cloned in 1994. Thrombopoietin was shown to be the major regulator of megakaryocytopoiesis and platelet formation. The protein encoded by the c-mpl gene, CD110, is a 635 amino acid transmembrane domain, with two extracellular cytokine receptor domains and two intracellular cytokine receptor box motifs. TPO-R deficient mice were severely thrombocytopenic, emphasizing the important role of CD110 and thrombopoietin in megakaryocyte and platelet formation. Upon binding of thrombopoietin CD110 is dimerized and the JAK family of non-receptor tyrosine kinases, as well as the STAT family, the MAPK family, the adaptor protein Shc and the receptors themselves become tyrosine phosphorylated.

### Product Info

**Amount :** 100 µg / 50 µg

**Content :** Lyophilized from sterile PBS, pH 7.4. Normally 5 % - 8% trehalose is added as protectants before lyophilization.

**Storage condition :** Store at -20°C to -80°C for 12 months in lyophilized form. After reconstitution, if not intended for use within a month, aliquot and store at -80°C (Avoid repeated freezing and thawing). Lyophilized proteins are shipped at ambient temperature.