## 32-13398: SCO1 Human

## Alternative Name:

 SCO1 Cytochrome C Oxidase Assembly Protein, SCOD1, SCO (Cytochrome Oxidase Deficient, Yeast) Homolog 1, SCO Cytochrome Oxidase Deficient Homolog 1 (Yeast), SCO Cytochrome Oxidase Deficient Homolog 1, Protein SCO1 Homolog, Mitochondrial, SCOD1, Protein SCO1 homolog, mitochondrial.
## Description

Source: Escherichia Coli.
Sterile filtered colorless solution.
SCO Cytochrome Oxidase Deficient Homolog 1, also known as SCO1 is a member of the SCO1/2 family. Mammalian cytochrome c oxidase (COX) catalyzes the transfer of reducing equivalents from cytochrome c to molecular oxygen and pumps protons across the inner mitochondrial membrane. Furthermore, in yeast, two related COX assembly genes, SCO1 \& SCO2 which are synthesis of cytochrome c oxidase, enable subunits 1 as well as 2 to be incorporated into the holoprotein. This gene is the human homolog to the yeast SCO1 gene. Among the diseases associated with SCO1 are hepatic failure, early-onset, neurologic disorder due to cytochrome c oxidase deficiency and fatal infantile cytochrome c oxidase deficiency. SCO1 Human Recombinant produced in E.Coli is a single, non-glycosylated polypeptide chain containing 179 amino acids (132-301 a.a) and having a molecular mass of 20.5 kDa .

## Product Info

| Amount: | $5 \mu \mathrm{~g} / 20 \mu \mathrm{~g}$ |
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| Purification : | Greater than 95\% as determined by SDS-PAGE. |
| Content : | SCO1 protein solution ( $1 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{ml}$ ) containing Phosphate buffered saline ( pH 7.4 ), 10\% glycerol and |
|  | 1 mM DTT. |

