

## 32-6650: AGA Human

**Alternative Name :** Aspartylglucosaminidase, AGU, ASRG, GA.

### Description

Source: E.coli.

Sterile Filtered colorless solution.

Aspartylglucosaminidase, also known as AGA, takes part in the catabolism of Nlinked oligosaccharides of glycoproteins. AGA is a protein coding gene which cleaves asparagine from N-acetylglucosamines in the lysosomal breakdown of glycoproteins. AGA Human Recombinant produced in E.Coli is a single, non-glycosylated polypeptide chain containing 346 amino acids (24-346 a.a.) and having a molecular mass of 37kDa.AGA is fused to a 23 amino acid His-tag at N-terminus & purified by proprietary chromatographic techniques.

### Product Info

<b>Amount :</b>	5 µg / 20 µg
<b>Purification :</b>	Greater than 90% as determined by SDS-PAGE.
<b>Content :</b>	AGA protein solution (0.5mg/ml) containing 20mM Tris-HCl buffer (pH 8.0) and 10% glycerol.
<b>Storage condition :</b>	Store at 4°C if entire vial will be used within 2-4 weeks. Store, frozen at -20°C for longer periods of time. For long term storage it is recommended to add a carrier protein (0.1% HSA or BSA).Avoid multiple freeze-thaw cycles.
<b>Amino Acid :</b>	MGSSHHHHHH SSSLVPRGSH MGSSSPLPLV VNTWPFKNAT EAAWRALASG GSALDAVESG CAMCEREQCD GSVGFGGSPD ELGETTLDAM IMDGTTMDVG AVGDLRRIKN AIGVARKVLE HTTHTLLVGE SATTFAQSMG FINEDLSTTA SQALHSDWLA RNCQPNYWRN VIPDPSKYCG PYKPPGILKQ DIPIHKETED DRGHDTIGMV VIHKTGHIAA GTSTNGIKFK IHGRVGDSP I PGAGAYADDT AGAAAATGNG DILMRFLPSY QAVEYMRRGE DPTIACQKVI SRIQKHFPEF FGAVICANVT GSYGAACNKL STFTQFSFMV YNSEKNQPT EKVDCI.