# 32-190049: IL-1beta (human) (Recombinant) (untagged) 

## Application: Functional Assay

Reactivity : Human
Alternative Name : Interleukin-1beta; IL-1F2

## Description

Source : E. coli
Specific Binds to human IL-1R.IL-1beta is produced by activated macrophages. IL-1beta stimulates thymocyte proliferation by inducing IL-2 release, B-cell maturation and proliferation, and fibroblast growth factor activity. IL-1beta belongs to the IL-1 family of proteins that are involved in the inflammatory response. IL-1beta in most situations requires the inflammasome complex to be cleaved and secreted.

## Product Info

Amount :

## Purification :

Content :

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 10 \mu \mathrm{~g} \\
& >=95 \% \text { (SDS-PAGE) }
\end{aligned}
$$

Reconstitute with $100 \mu$ l sterile water. $0.1 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{ml}$ after reconstitution. Lyophilized. Contains PBS.
Short Term Storage $+4^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$; Long Term Storage- $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$;After reconstitution, prepare aliquots and store at $-20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
Avoid freeze/thaw cycles.
PBS containing at least 0. 1\% BSA should be used for further dilutions. Stable for at least 6 months after receipt when stored at $-20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
Working aliquots are stable for up to 3 months when stored at $-20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
Amino Acid :

## Application Note

Biological Activity: Activates the NF-kB with an ED50 of <5ng/ml.
Endotoxin Content $<0.1 \mathrm{EU} / \mu \mathrm{g}$ purified protein (LAL test; Lonza).


Figure 1: Activation of NF-kB in HeLa cells with IL-1 beta (human) (rec.) (untagged) Method: Cell extracts from Hela cells treated with differerent concentrations of IL-1 beta (human) (rec.) (untagged) for 30 min (A) or with $50 \mathrm{ng} / \mathrm{ml}$ of IL-1 beta (human) (rec.) (untagged) for different time points (B) were separated by SDS-PAGE under reducing conditions, transferred to nitrocellulose and incubated with anti-lkb or antiphospho $\mathrm{IkB}(1 / 1000)$ (CST) to measure IkB degradation (A) or IkB phosphorylation and degradation (B).

