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12-4250: Phospho-c-Cbl (Tyr774) (Clone: R3B8) rabbit mAb

Clonality: Monoclonal **Clone Name:** CblY774-R3B8

Application: **FACS**

Reactivity: Human, Mouse Unconjugated Conjugate: Format: **Purified**

E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase CBL, Casitas B-lineage lymphoma proto-oncogene, Proto-oncogene

Alternative Name: c-Cbl, RING finger protein 55, RING-type E3 ubiquitin transferase, Signal transduction protein

CBL, CBL2, RNF55

Isotype: Rabbit IgG1k

A synthetic phospho-peptide corresponding to residues surrounding Tyr774 of human **Immunogen Information:**

phospho c-Cbl

Description

The c-Cbl (Casitas B-lineage Lymphoma) proto-oncogene is a ubiquitously expressed cytoplasmic adaptor protein that contains multiple functional domains, including an amino-terminal tyrosine kinase-binding (TKB) domain, a RING finger motif, and a proline-rich region. The TKB recognizes phosphorylated tyrosines on activated receptor tyrosine kinases (RTKs) and on other nonreceptor tyrosine kinases, while the RING finger motif recruits ubiquitin-conjugating enzymes. These two domains are primarily responsible for the ubiquitin ligase activity of c-Cbl and downregulation of RTKs (1). The proline-rich region contains 14-3-3 protein-binding and SH3 domain-binding motifs. c-Cbl is phosphorylated at Y700, Y731, and Y774 by Sykand Src-family kinases after the stimulation of some integrins and a wide variety of receptors for immunoglobulins, antigens, hormones, growth factors, and cytokines. Phosphorylated Y774 interacts with the SH2 domain of Crk (1,2). The c-Cbl adapter protein is expressed in the cytoplasm in all tissues, with especially high levels of expression in hematopoietic cells (3,4). Through its many functional sites, c-Cbl plays key roles in the positive and negative regulation of vital cell functions, including T Cell Receptor-mediated cellular immune responses. In human cancer tissues, c-Cbl is frequently tyrosinephosphorylated in a tumor-specific manner (5).

Product Info

 $20 \mu l / 200 \mu l$ Amount:

Content: 1X PBS, 0.02% NaN3, 50% Glycerol, 0.1% BSA

Storage condition: Store at -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze and thaw cycles.

Application Note

 $1\tilde{A} \cap \hat{A} \cup \hat{A} \cup \hat{A} \cap \hat{A} \cup \hat{A} \cap \hat{A} \cup \hat{A} \cup$ See product image legends for additional information. (0.5mg/ml, more than 200 western blots)



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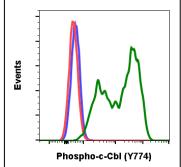


Fig-1: Flow cytometric analysis of Daudi cells secondary antibody only negative control (blue) or untreated (red) or treated with IFNa + IL-4 + pervanadate (green) using Phospho-c-Cbl (Tyr774) antibody CblY774-R3B8 at $0.01 \mu g/mL$.

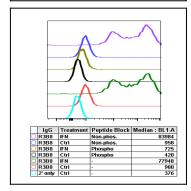


Fig 2 : Peptide blocking flow cytometric analysis of Daudi cells secondary antibody only negative control (light blue) or untreated (red) or treated with IFNa + IL-4 + pervanadate (green) or untreated and blocked with phospho-peptide (black) or treated and blocked with phospho peptide (gold) or untreated and blocked with non-phospho peptide (dark blue) or treated and blocked with non-phospho peptide (purple) using Phospho-c-Cbl (Tyr774) antibody CblY774-R3B8 at 0.1 µg/mL.

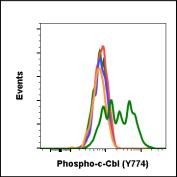


Fig-3: Flow cytometric analysis of 3T3 cells secondary antibody only negative control (blue) or untreated (gray) or treated with IFNa + IL-4 + pervanadate (orange) using 0.1 μ g/mL isotype control or untreated (red) or treated (green) using Phospho-c-Cbl (Tyr774) antibody CblY774-R3B8 at 0.01 μ g/mL.