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## 36-3276: Anti-C1QA / Complement C1q A-Chain Monoclonal Antibody (Clone: C1QA/2955)

Clonality: Monoclonal Clone Name: C1QA/2955 Application: WB.IHC Reactivity: Human Gene: C1QA Gene ID: 712 **Uniprot ID:** P02745

C1QA; Complement C1q subcomponent subunit A; Complement component 1 q

**Alternative Name:** subcomponent A chain; Complement component 1 q subcomponent alpha polypeptide;

Complement component C1q A chain

Isotype: Mouse IgG2b, kappa

Recombinant fragment (around aa 104-237) of human C1QA protein (exact sequence is Immunogen Information:

proprietary)

## **Description**

Clq, a subcomponent of the classical complement pathway, is composed of nine subunits that mediate classical complement activation and thereby play an important role in the immune response. Six of these subunits are disulfide-linked dimers of chains A and B, while three of these subunits, designated C1q-A throµgh C1q-C, are disulfide-linked dimers of chain C. Each chain contains an N-terminal collagen-like region and a C-terminal C1q globular domain. The presence of receptors for C1q on effector cells modulates its activity, which may be antibody-dependent or independent. Macrophages are the primary source of C1g, while anti-inflammatory drµgs as well as cytokines differentially regulate expression of the mRNA as well as the protein. C1g deficiency is associated with lupus erythematosus and glomerulonephritis.

## **Product Info**

Amount: 20 μg / 100 μg

200 µg/ml of Ab Purified from Bioreactor Concentrate by Protein A/G. Prepared in 10mM PBS Content:

with 0.05% BSA & 0.05% azide. Also available WITHOUT BSA & azide at 1.0mg/ml.

Antibody with azide - store at 2 to 8°C. Antibody without azide - store at -20 to -80°C. Antibody Storage condition:

is stable for 24 months. Non-hazardous.

## **Application Note**

Western Blot (1-2ug/ml); Immunohistochemistry (Formalin-fixed) (1-2ug/ml for 30 minutes at RT)(Staining of formalin-fixed tissues requires heating tissue sections in 10mM Tris with 1mM EDTA, pH 9.0, for 45 min at 95&degC followed by cooling at RT for 20 minutes);

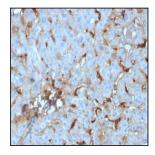


Fig. 1: Formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded human Renal Cell Carcinoma stained with C1QA Mouse Monoclonal Antibody (C10A/2955).



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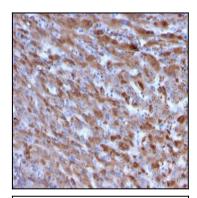


Fig. 2: Formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded human Liver stained with C1QA Mouse Monoclonal Antibody (C1QA/2955).

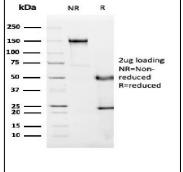


Fig. 3: SDS-PAGE Analysis Purified C1QA Mouse Monoclonal Antibody (C1QA/2955). Confirmation of Integrity and Purity of Antibody.

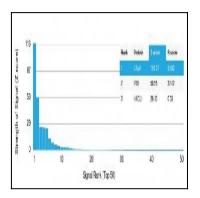


Fig. 4: Analysis of Protein Array containing more than 19,000 full-length human proteins using C1QA Mouse Monoclonal Antibody (C1QA/2955).

Z- and S- Score: The Z-score represents the strength of a signal that a monoclonal antibody (MAb) (in combination with a fluorescently-tagged anti-lgG secondary antibody) produces when binding to a particular protein on the HuProtTM array. Z-scores are described in units of standard deviations (SD's) above the mean value of all signals generated on that array. If targets on HuProtTM are arranged in descending order of the Z-score, the S-score is the difference (also in units of SD's) between the Z-score. S-score therefore represents the relative target specificity of a MAb to its intended target. A MAb is considered to specific to its intended target, if the MAb has an S-score of at least 2.5. For example, if a MAb binds to protein X with a Z-score of 43 and to protein Y with a Z-score of 14, then the S-score for the binding of that MAb to protein X is equal to 29.