

36-2201: Anti-EGFR (Epidermal Growth Factor Receptor) Monoclonal Antibody(Clone: H9B4)

Clonality :	Monoclonal
Clone Name :	H9B4
Application :	IP,WB
Reactivity :	Human
Gene :	EGFR
Gene ID :	1956
Uniprot ID :	P00533
Alternative Name :	ErbB1; ERBB1; Errp; HER1; mENA; PIG61; Proto-oncogene c-ErbB-1; Receptor Tyrosine Protein Kinase; ErbB1; Urogastrone; wa2; Wa5
Isotype :	Mouse IgG1, kappa
Immunogen Information :	Purified EGFR from A431 cells.

Description

This MAbs reacts with a cytoplasmic domain of EGFR. EGFR is a type I receptor tyrosine kinase with sequence homology to erbB-1, -2, -3 -4 or HER-1, -2, -3 -4. It binds to Epidermal Growth Factor (EGF), Transforming Growth Factor- α (TGF- α), Heparin-binding EGF (HB-EGF), amphiregulin, betacellulin epiregulin.

Product Info

Amount :	20 μ g / 100 μ g
Content :	200 μ g/ml of Ab Purified from Bioreactor Concentrate by Protein A/G. Prepared in 10mM PBS with 0.05% BSA & 0.05% azide. Also available WITHOUT BSA & azide at 1.0mg/ml.
Storage condition :	Antibody with azide - store at 2 to 8°C. Antibody without azide - store at -20 to -80°C. Antibody is stable for 24 months. Non-hazardous.

Application Note

Immunoprecipitation (1-2 μ g/500 μ g protein lysate); Western Blot (1-2 μ g/ml for 2 hours at RT);

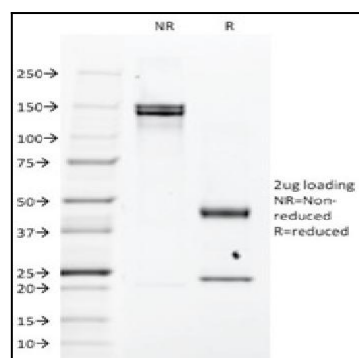


Fig. 1: SDS-PAGE Analysis Purified EGFR Mouse Monoclonal Antibody (H9B4). Confirmation of Integrity and Purity of Antibody.

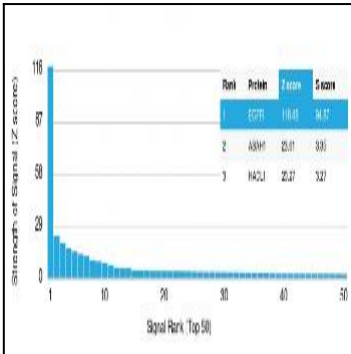


Fig. 2: Analysis of Protein Array containing more than 19,000 full-length human proteins using EGFR Mouse Monoclonal Antibody (H9B4) Z- and S- Score: The Z-score represents the strength of a signal that a monoclonal antibody (Monoclonal Antibody) (in combination with a fluorescently-tagged anti-IgG secondary antibody) produces when binding to a particular protein on the HuProt™ array. Z-scores are described in units of standard deviations (SD's) above the mean value of all signals generated on that array. If targets on HuProt™ are arranged in descending order of the Z-score, the S-score is the difference (also in units of SD's) between the Z-score. S-score therefore represents the relative target specificity of a Monoclonal Antibody to its intended target. A Monoclonal Antibody is considered to specific to its intended target, if the Monoclonal Antibody has an S-score of at least 2.5. For example, if a Monoclonal Antibody binds to protein X with a Z-score of 43 and to protein Y with a Z-score of 14, then the S-score for the binding of that Monoclonal Antibody to protein X is equal to 29.