

## 36-2108: Anti-Carboxypeptidase A1 / CPA1 (Pancreatic Cancer Marker) Monoclonal Antibody(Clone: CPA1/2712)

<b>Clonality :</b>	Monoclonal
<b>Clone Name :</b>	CPA1/2712
<b>Application :</b>	WB,IHC
<b>Reactivity :</b>	Human
<b>Gene :</b>	CPA1
<b>Gene ID :</b>	1357
<b>Uniprot ID :</b>	P15085
<b>Alternative Name :</b>	Carboxypeptidase A1 (pancreatic); CPA1; Pancreatic Carboxypeptidase A1; Procarboxypeptidase A1 pancreatic
<b>Isotype :</b>	Mouse IgG2c, kappa
<b>Immunogen Information :</b>	Recombinant full-length human CPA1 protein

### Description

Human pancreatic procarboxypeptidase A exists as three different active forms, two of which are designated carboxypeptidase A1 (CPA1) and carboxypeptidase A2 (CPA2). CPA1, also known as CPA, is a 419 amino acid secreted monomeric protein that is highly expressed in pancreatic tissue. Functioning as a pancreatic exopeptidase, CPA1 uses zinc as a cofactor to catalyze the release of C-terminal amino acids from a variety of proteins, thereby playing a key role in protein digestion and degradation. Via its catalytic activity, CPA1 is also thought to be involved in zymogen (proenzyme) inhibition, probably functioning to block enzyme activation pathways. Abnormal levels of CPA1 are associated with pancreatic cancer, suggesting a possible role in either tumor progression or tumor suppression events.

### Product Info

<b>Amount :</b>	20 µg / 100 µg
<b>Content :</b>	200 µg/ml of Ab Purified from Bioreactor Concentrate by Protein A/G. Prepared in 10mM PBS with 0.05% BSA & 0.05% azide. Also available WITHOUT BSA & azide at 1.0mg/ml.
<b>Storage condition :</b>	Antibody with azide - store at 2 to 8°C. Antibody without azide - store at -20 to -80°C. Antibody is stable for 24 months. Non-hazardous.

### Application Note

Western Blot (1-2ug/ml); Immunohistochemistry (Formalin-fixed) (1-2ug/ml for 30 minutes at RT)(Staining of formalin-fixed tissues requires heating tissue sections in 10mM Tris with 1mM EDTA, pH 9.0, for 45 min at 95°C followed by cooling at RT for 20 minutes);

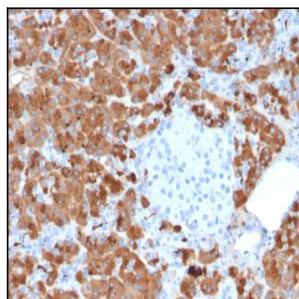


Fig. 1: Formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded human Pancreas stained with Carboxypeptidase A1 / CPA1 Mouse Monoclonal Antibody (CPA1/2712).

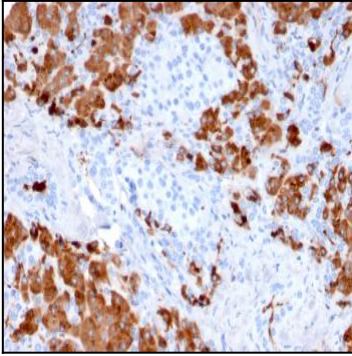


Fig. 2: Formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded human Pancreas stained with Carboxypeptidase A1 / CPA1 Mouse Monoclonal Antibody (CPA1/2712).

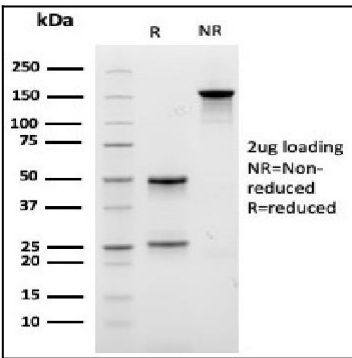


Fig. 3: SDS-PAGE Analysis Purified CD68 Recombinant Mouse Monoclonal Antibody (rLAMP4/824). Confirmation of Purity and Integrity of Antibody

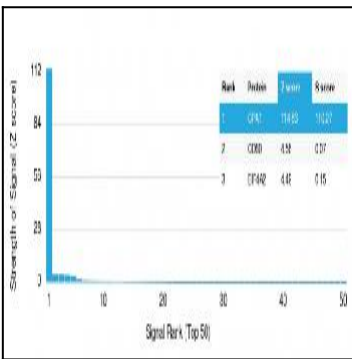


Fig. 4: Analysis of Protein Array containing more than 19,000 full-length human proteins using Carboxypeptidase A1 / CPA1 Mouse Monoclonal Antibody (CPA1/2712). Z- and S- Score: The Z-score represents the strength of a signal that a monoclonal antibody (MAb) (in combination with a fluorescently-tagged anti-IgG secondary antibody) produces when binding to a particular protein on the HuProt™ array. Z-scores are described in units of standard deviations (SD's) above the mean value of all signals generated on that array. If targets on HuProt™ are arranged in descending order of the Z-score, the S-score is the difference (also in units of SD's) between the Z-score. S-score therefore represents the relative target specificity of a MAb to its intended target. A MAb is considered to be specific to its intended target, if the MAb has an S-score of at least 2.5. For example, if a MAb binds to protein X with a Z-score of 43 and to protein Y with a Z-score of 14, then the S-score for the binding of that MAb to protein X is equal to 29.