

37-1026: Mouse TNF-alpha / TNFA Recombinant Protein(Discontinued)

Reactivity : Mouse

Alternative Name : DIF Protein, Mouse; TNF-a Protein, Mouse; TNF-alpha Protein, Mouse; Tnfa Protein, Mouse; TNFalpha Protein, Mouse; Tnfsf1a Protein, Mouse; TNFSF2 Protein, Mouse

Description

Source : E. coli

Tumor necrosis factor alpha (TNF-alpha), also known as TNF, TNFA or TNFSF2, is the prototypic cytokine of the TNF superfamily, and is a multifunctional molecule involved in the regulation of a wide spectrum of biological processes including cell proliferation, differentiation, apoptosis, lipid metabolism, and coagulation. Two receptors, TNF-R1 (TNF receptor type 1; CD12a; p55/6) and TNF-R2 (TNF receptor type 2; CD12b; p75/8), bind to TNF-alpha. TNF-alpha protein is produced mainly by macrophages, and large amounts of this cytokine are released in response to lipopolysaccharide, other bacterial products, and Interleukin-1 (IL-1). TNF-alpha is involved in fighting against the tumorigenesis, thus, is regarded as a molecular insight in cancer treatment. Cancer Immunotherapy Immune Checkpoint Immunotherapy Targeted Therapy

Product Info

Amount : alpha / TNFA Recombinant Protein(Discontinued) / 20 µg

Purification : > 98 % as determined by SDS-PAGE

Content : Formulation Lyophilized from sterile 50mM Tris 0.2M NaCl, pH 7.2
Normally 5 % - 8 % trehalose, mannitol and 0.01% Tween80 are added as protectants before lyophilization.

Storage condition : Store it under sterile conditions at -20°C to -80°C. It is recommended that the protein be aliquoted for optimal storage. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Amino Acid : Leu80-Leu235

Application Note

Measured in a cytotoxicity assay using L929 mouse fibrosarcoma cells in the presence of the metabolic inhibitor actinomycin D. The ED50 for this effect is typically 3-30 pg/mL.

Other pack size also available.

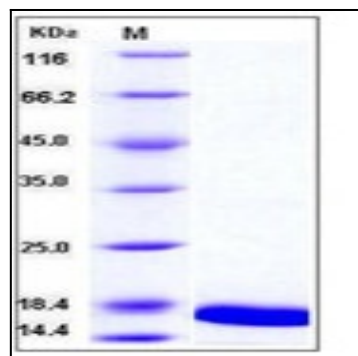


Fig 1: Mouse TNF-alpha / TNFA Recombinant Protein

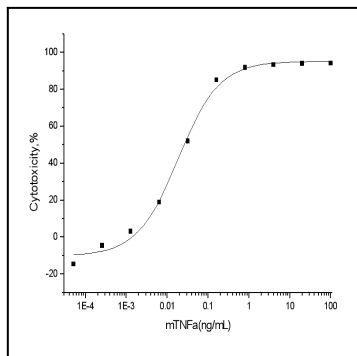


Fig 2: Mouse TNF-alpha / TNFA Recombinant Protein measured in a cytotoxicity assay using L929 mouse fibrosarcoma cells in the presence of the metabolic inhibitor actinomycin D.