

32-20463: Recombinant Murine LIX (CXCL6) (92 a.a.)(Discontinued)**Reactivity :** Human, Mouse**Alternative Name :** CXCL6, GCP-2 (human), Granulocyte Chemotactic Protein-2**Description**

Source: **E.coli** CXCL6, also known as LIX in mice, is a CXC chemokine that signals through the CXCR2 receptor. It is expressed in monocytes, platelets, endothelial cells, and mast cells. LIX is a chemoattractant for neutrophils. The two naturally occurring variants of LIX, LIX 1-78 (GCP-2) and LIX 9-78 (GCP-2), contain 78 and 70 amino acid residues, respectively. LIX contains the four conserved cysteine residues present in CXC chemokines, and also contains the 'ELR' motif common to CXC chemokines that binds to the CXCR1 and CXCR2 receptors. Recombinant Murine LIX is a 9.8 kDa protein containing 92 amino acid residues.

Product Info**Amount :** 5 µg / 20 µg**Purification :** Purity: >= 98% by SDS-PAGE gel and HPLC analyses.**Content :** This recombinant protein is supplied in lyophilized form.**Amino Acid :** APSSVIAATE LRCVCLTVTP KINPKLIANL EVIPAGPQCP TVEVIAKLKN QKEVCLDPEA PVIKKIIQKI
LGSDKKKAKR NALAVERTAS VQ**Application Note**

Determined by its ability to chemoattract human neutrophils using a concentration range of 10-100 ng/ml.