

## 30-1360: Anti-Sos Monoclonal Antibody (Clone:SOS-01)

<b>Clonality :</b>	Monoclonal
<b>Clone Name :</b>	SOS-01
<b>Application :</b>	WB, ICC
<b>Reactivity :</b>	Human, Mouse
<b>Gene :</b>	SOS1
<b>Gene ID :</b>	6654
<b>Uniprot ID :</b>	Q07889
<b>Format :</b>	Purified
<b>Alternative Name :</b>	SOS1
<b>Isotype :</b>	Mouse IgG1
<b>Immunogen Information :</b>	Peptide corresponding to amino acids THPSMHRDGPPLLENAHSS of human Sos protein.

### Description

The guanine nucleotide exchange factor Sos (Son-of-sevenless) is a complex multidomain protein that activates the small GTPase Ras (H-Ras, K-Ras, N-Ras, but not functionally distinct R-Ras) in response to receptor tyrosine kinase stimulation. Nucleotide exchange activity of Sos is stimulated by allosteric Ras binding. By another (separable) guanine exchange factor domain domain Sos modulates activity of Rac/Rho GTPases. Sos thus integrates signals that affect both gene expression and cytoskeletal reorganization; the Sos-mediated Ras-activation and Rac activation differ in composition and stability of the formed complex.

### Product Info

<b>Amount :</b>	0.1 mg
<b>Purification :</b>	Purified by protein-A affinity chromatography
<b>Storage condition :</b>	Store at 2-8°C. Do not freeze.

### Application Note

**Western Blotting** *Recommended dilution:* 1  $\mu$ g/ml

*Positive control:* HeLa human cervix carcinoma cell line

#### Immunofluorescence

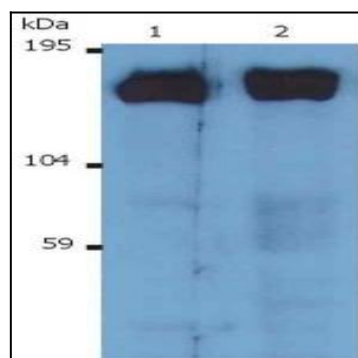


Figure 1: Western Blotting analysis (reducing conditions) of human Sos using anti-Sos (SOS-01). Lane 1: K562 human Caucasian chronic myeloid leukemia cell line Lane 2: RAJI human Burkitt lymphoma cell line

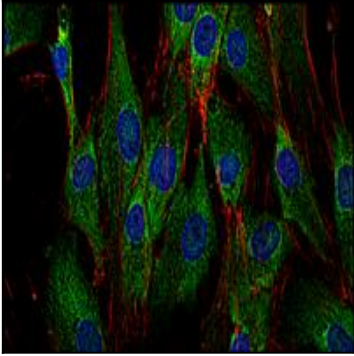


Figure 2: Immunofluorescence staining of Sos in human primary fibroblasts using anti-Sos (SOS-01; green). Actin cytoskeleton was decorated by phalloidin (red) and cell nuclei stained with DAPI (blue).

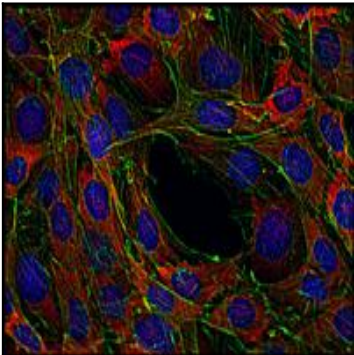


Figure 3: Immunofluorescence staining of Sos in murine transformed fibroblasts using anti-Sos (SOS-01; red). Actin cytoskeleton was decorated by phalloidin (green) and cell nuclei stained with DAPI (blue).