

9853 Pacific Heights Blvd. Suite D. San Diego, CA 92121, USA Tel: 858-263-4982

Email: info@abeomics.com

30-1182: Anti-CD14 / LPS-receptor Monoclonal Antibody (Clone:MEM-15)

Clonality: Monoclonal **Clone Name:** MEM-15 **FACS** Application: Reactivity: Human Gene: **CD14** Gene ID: 929 **Uniprot ID:** P08571 **Purified** Format: **Alternative Name:** CD14 Isotype: Mouse IgG1

Immunogen Information: A crude mixture of human urinary proteins precipitated by ammonium sulphate from the urine

of a patient suffering from proteinuria.

Description

CD14 is a 55 kDa GPI-anchored glycoprotein, constitutively expressed on the surface of mature monocytes, macrophages, and neutrophils, where serves as a multifunctional lipopolysaccharide receptor; it is also released to the serum both as a secreted and enzymatically cleaved GPI-anchored form. CD14 binds lipopolysaccharide molecule in a reaction catalyzed by lipopolysaccharide-binding protein (LBP), an acute phase serum protein. The soluble sCD14 is able to discriminate slight structural differences between lipopolysaccharides and is important for neutralization of serum allochthonous lipopolysaccharides by reconstituted lipoprotein particles. CD14 affects allergic, inflammatory and infectious processes.

Product Info

Amount: 0.1 mg

Purification: Purified by protein-A affinity chromatography

Storage condition : Store at 2-8°C. Do not freeze.

Application Note

Flow Cytometry Recommended dilution: 4 Âμg/ml Immunoprecipitation excellent for immunoprecipitation of CD14

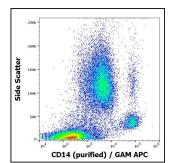


Figure 1: Flow cytometry surface staining pattern of human peripheral whole blood stained using antihuman CD14 (MEM-15) purified antibody



9853 Pacific Heights Blvd. Suite D. San Diego, CA 92121, USA Tel: 858-263-4982

Email: info@abeomics.com

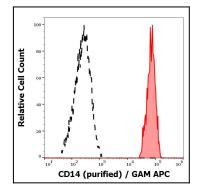


Figure 2: Separation of human monocytes (red-filled) from CD14 negative lymphocytes (black-dashed) in flow cytometry analysis (surface staining) of peripheral whole blood stained using anti-human CD14 (MEM-15) purified antibody