

36-1522: Monoclonal Antibody to Nuclear Mitotic Apparatus Protein (NuMA)(Clone : SPM300)

Clonality :	Monoclonal
Clone Name :	SPM300
Application :	FACS,IF,IHC
Reactivity :	Human
Gene :	NUMA1
Gene ID :	4926
Uniprot ID :	Q14980
Format :	Purified
Alternative Name :	NUMA1,NMP22,NUMA
Isotype :	Mouse IgM, kappa
Immunogen Information :	Colon carcinoma 174T cells

Description

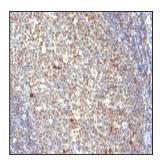
Recognizes a phosphorylated protein of 228kDa, identified as nuclear mitotic apparatus protein (NuMA). Its epitope is resistant to phosphatases. NuMA is intra-nuclear protein and present in nucleus during interphase. At the onset of mitosis, it redistributes from the nucleus to two centrosomal structures that later will become part of the mitotic spindle pole. After anaphase, the protein redistributes from the spindle polar region into reforming nucleus. NuMA is an essential protein during mitosis for the terminal phases of chromosome separation and/or nuclear reassembly. Recently a study shows that NuMA is cleaved to a 180 to 200kDa during apoptosis. Chromosomal translocation of this gene with the RARA (retinoic acid receptor, alpha) gene on chromosome 17 has been detected in patients with acute promyelocytic leukemia.

Product Info

Amount : Purification :	100 μg Affinity Chromatography
Content :	100 μg in 500 μl PBS containing 0.05% BSA and 0.05% sodium azide. Sodium azide is highly toxic.
Storage condition :	Store the antibody at 4°C; stable for 6 months. For long-term storage; store at -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze and thaw cycles.

Application Note

Flow Cytometry (1-2ug/million cells); Immunofluorescence (1-2ug/ml); Immunohistochemistry (Formalin-fixed) (1-2ug/ml for 30 minutes at RT)(Staining of formalin-fixed tissues requires heating tissue sections in 10mM Tris with 1mM EDTA, pH 9.0, for 45 min at 95°C followed by cooling at RT for 20 minutes);



Formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded human Tonsil stained with NuMA Monoclonal Antibody (SPM300)

For Research Use Only. Not for use in diagnostic/therapeutics procedures.