## 32-8097: Recombinant Human Cystatin C/CST3 (N-6His)

## Gene: CST3

Gene ID: 1471
Uniprot ID : P01034

## Description

Source: E. coli.
MW :16.5kD.
Recombinant Human Cystatin C is produced by our E.coli expression system and the target gene encoding Gly 26 -Ala146 is expressed with a 6 His tag at the N -terminus. Cystatin C is a member of family 2 of the cystatin superfamily. It is ubiquitous in human tissues and body fluids and mainly used as a biomarker of kidney function. Cystatin C inhibits many cysteine proteases such as papain and Cathepsins B, H, K, L and S. As an inhibitor of cysteine proteinases, Cystatin C is thought to serve an important physiological role as a local regulator of this enzyme activity. Recently, it has been studied for its role in predicting new-onset or deteriorating cardiovascular disease. It also seems to play a role in brain disorders involving amyloid (a specific type of protein deposition), such as Alzheimer's disease.

## Product Info

## Amount :

Content :

## Storage condition :

Amino Acid: MGSSHHHHHHSSGLVPRGSHMENLYFQGSSPGKPPRLVGGPMDASVEEEGVRRALDFAVGEYNKASNDMYH

## $10 \mu \mathrm{~g} / 50 \mu \mathrm{~g}$

Lyophilized from a $0.2 \mu \mathrm{~m}$ filtered solution of 20 mM HEPES, $150 \mathrm{mM} \mathrm{NaCl}, \mathrm{pH} 7.4$.
Lyophilized protein should be stored at $-20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, though stable at room temperature for 3 weeks. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at $4-7^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 2-7 days. Aliquots of reconstituted samples are stable at $-20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 3 months. SRALQVVRARKQIVAGVNYFLDVELGRTTCTKTQPNLDNCPFHDQPHLKRKAFCSFQIYAVPWQGTMTLSKST CQDA

## Application Note

Always centrifuge tubes before opening. Do not mix by vortex or pipetting. It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than $100 \tilde{A} \square A ̂ \mu \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{ml}$. Dissolve the lyophilized protein in ddH2O. Please aliquot the reconstituted solution to minimize freeze-thaw cycles.
Endotoxin : Less than 0.1 ng/Ã $\square A ̂ \mu \mathrm{~g}(1 \mathrm{IEU} / \hat{A} \square A ̂ \mu \mathrm{~g})$ as determined by LAL test.

