## 32-7059: Recombinant Human Interleukin-1a/IL-1a

## Gene: IL1A

Gene ID: 3552
Uniprot ID : P01583

## Description

## Source: E.coli.

MW :18kD.
Recombinant Human Interleukin-1 alpha is produced by our E.coli expression system and the target gene encoding Ser113Ala271 is expressed. Interleukin-1 alpha (IL1a) is a cytokine member of the interleukin-1 family. IL-1 consists of two distinct forms: ILla and IL1 beta that recognize the same cell surface receptors but are distinct proteins with approximately $25 \%$ amino acid sequence identity. ILla is constitutively produced by epithelial cells and plays an essential role in maintenance of skin barrier function. Upon stimulation, a wide variety of cells including osteoblasts, monocytes, macrophages can be induced to express IL1a. IL1a possesses a wide range of metabolic, physiological, haematopoietic activities, and is critically involved in the regulation of the immune responses and inflammatory responses.

## Product Info

## Amount :

Content :

## Storage condition :

Amino Acid :
$10 \mu \mathrm{~g} / 50 \mu \mathrm{~g}$
Lyophilized from a $0.2 \mu \mathrm{~m}$ filtered solution of 20 mM TrisHCl, $150 \mathrm{mM} \mathrm{NaCl}, \mathrm{pH} 7.5$. Lyophilized protein should be stored at $-20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, though stable at room temperature for 3 weeks. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at $4-7^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 2-7 days. Aliquots of reconstituted samples are stable at $-20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 3 months.
SAPFSFLSNVKYNFMRIIKYEFILNDALNQSIIRANDQYLTAAALHNLDEAVKFDMGAYKSSKDDAKITVILRISKT QLYVTAQDEDQPVLLKEMPEIPKTITGSETNLLFFWETHGTKNYFTSVAHPNLFIATKQDYWVCLAGGPPSITDF QILENQA

## Application Note

Always centrifuge tubes before opening. Do not mix by vortex or pipetting. It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than $100 \tilde{A} \square A ̂ \mu \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{ml}$. Dissolve the lyophilized protein in ddH2O. Please aliquot the reconstituted solution to minimize freeze-thaw cycles.
Endotoxin : Less than 0.1 ng/Ã $\square A ̂ \mu \mathrm{~g}(1 \mathrm{IEU} / \hat{A} \square A ̂ \mu \mathrm{~g})$ as determined by LAL test.

