

10-6607: Mouse Monoclonal Antibody to EGFR (Clone: 51CT78.40.5)(Discontinued)

Clonality :	Monoclonal
Clone Name :	51CT78.40.5
Application :	FACS,WB
Reactivity :	Human
Gene :	EGFR
Gene ID :	1956
Uniprot ID :	P00533
Format :	Purified
Alternative Name :	Epidermal growth factor receptor, Proto-oncogene c-ErbB-1, Receptor tyrosine-protein kinase erbB-1, EGFR, ERBB, ERBB1, HER1
Isotype :	Mouse IgG1
Immunogen Information : Recombinant Protein	

Description

The protein encoded by this gene is a transmembrane glycoprotein that is a member of the protein kinase superfamily. This protein is a receptor for members of the epidermal growth factor family. EGFR is a cell surface protein that binds to epidermal growth factor. Binding of the protein to a ligand induces receptor dimerization and tyrosine autophosphorylation and leads to cell proliferation. Mutations in this gene are associated with lung cancer. Multiple alternatively spliced transcript variants that encode different protein isoforms have been found for this gene.

Product Info

Amount :	80 μl / 400 μl
Purification :	Protein G Chromatography
Content :	Purified monoclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.
Storage condition :	Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Application Note

IHC-P~1:25~100||WB~1:2000|| FACS~1:10~50



Figure 1: Staining of EGFR antibody (10-6607) in human lung adenocarcinoma sections by Immunohistochemistry (IHC-P - paraformaldehyde-fixed, paraffin-embedded sections). Tissue was fixed with formaldehyde and blocked with 3% BSA for 0. 5 hour at room temperature; antigen retrieval was by heat mediation with a citrate buffer (pH6). Samples were incubated with primary antibody (1/25) for 1 hours at 37°C. A undiluted biotinylated goat polyvalent antibody was used as the secondary antibody.

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Figure 2: Staining of EGFR antibody (10-6607) in human hepatic carcinoma sections by Immunohistochemistry (IHC-P - paraformaldehyde-fixed, paraffin-embedded sections). Tissue was fixed with formaldehyde and blocked with 3% BSA for 0.5 hour at room temperature; antigen retrieval was by heat mediation with a citrate buffer (pH6). Samples were incubated with primary antibody (1/25) for 1 hours at 37°C. A undiluted biotinylated goat polyvalent antibody was used as the secondary antibody.

Figure 3: Western blot analysis of EGFR Antibody (10-6607) lysates with Lane 1: A431 and Lane 2: MDA-MB-468 cell line. EGFR Antibody was diluted at 1:1000 at each lane. A goat anti-mouse IgG H&L (HRP) at 1:10000 dilution was used as the secondary antibody. Lysates at 20^{1} /4 g per lane.



Figure 4: Formalin-fixed and paraffin-embedded human breast carcinoma with EGFR Monoclonal Antibody (10-6607) which was peroxidase-conjugated to the secondary antibody, followed by DAB staining. This data demonstrates the use of this antibody for immunohistochemistry; clinical relevance has not been evaluated.

Figure 5: Flow cytometric analysis of HepG2 cells using EGFR Monoclonal Antibody (bottom histogram) compared to a negative control cell (top histogram). PE-conjugated goat-anti-mouse secondary antibodies were used for the analysis.