

15-1013: Lipopolysaccharide-LPS from Ecoli 0111:B4, TLR4 ligand

Application : Functional Assay

Description

Lipopolysaccharides (LPSs) are characteristic components of the cell wall of Gram-negative bacteria. LPS and its lipid A moiety stimulate cells of the innate immune system by the Toll-like receptor 4 (TLR4), a member of the Toll-like receptor protein family, which recognizes common pathogen-associated molecular-patterns (PAMPs).

Lipopolysaccharides (LPS) are localized in the outer layer of the membrane and are, in noncapsulated strains, exposed on the cell surface. They contribute to the integrity of the outer membrane, and protect the cell against the action of bile salts and lipophilic antibiotics.

Product Info

Amount : 5 mg
Purification : phenol extraction
Content : Liquid, colourless clear aqueous solution containing 5 mg/ml in sterile double-distilled water.
Storage condition : Stable for at least 2 years after receipt when stored at 4°C. Do not freeze the item.

Application Note

The product is soluble in water (5 mg/ml) or cell culture medium (1 mg/ml) yielding a hazy, faint yellow solution. A more concentrated, though still hazy, solution (20 mg/ml) has been achieved in aqueous saline after vortexing and warming to 70-80°C. Lipopolysaccharides are molecules that form micelles in every solvent. Hazy solutions are observed in water and phosphate buffered saline. Organic solvents do not give clearer solutions. Methanol yields a turbid suspension with floaters, while water yields a homogeneously hazy solution..

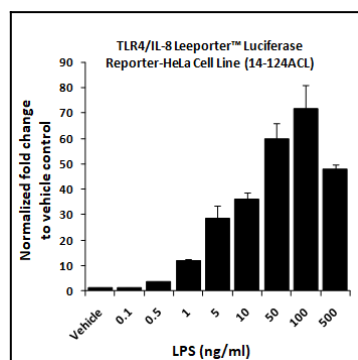


Fig-1: Induction of human TLR4 activity by LPS. TLR4/IL-8 LEEporter™ Luciferase Reporter-HeLa Cells (Abeomics, Cat. No. 14-124ACL) were treated with different concentrations of LPS (15-1013) for 6 h, and then luciferase activity was measured.