

## 32-5142: Recombinant Porcine Trypsin

### Description

Trypsin (EC3.4.21.4) is part of the serine protease family. Trypsin cleaves lysine and arginine at the C-terminal side of the peptide. The hydrolysis rate is slower if an acidic residue is on either sides of the cleavage site and no cleavage occurs if a proline residue is on the carboxyl side of the cleavage site. Trypsin optimum pH is pH-7 to 9. Trypsin will also hydrolyze ester and amide linkages of synthetic derivatives of amino acids such as: benzoyl L-arginine ethyl ester (BAEE), p-toluenesulfonyl-L-arginine methyl ester (TAME), tosyl-L-arginine methyl ester, N- $\alpha$ -benzoyl-L-arginine p-nitroanilide (BAPNA), L-lysyl-p-nitroanilide, and benzoyl-L-tyrosine ethyl ester (BTEE). Serine protease inhibitors that inhibit recombinant trypsin include TLCK (N-p-tosyl-L-lysine chloromethyl ketone), PMSF (phenylmethanesulfonyl fluoride), benzamide, soybean trypsin inhibitor, and ovomucoid.

### Product Info

<b>Amount :</b>	2.5 mg
<b>Purification :</b>	Recombinant Porcine Trypsin is expressed in E.coli and purified by standard chromatography techniques.
<b>Content :</b>	The Porcine Trypsin was lyophilized with mannitol as preservative.
<b>Storage condition :</b>	Recombinant Porcine Trypsin although stable at room temp for 1 week, should be stored desiccated below -18°C. For long term storage it is recommended to add a carrier protein (0.1% HSA or BSA). Please prevent freeze-thaw cycles.
<b>Amino Acid :</b>	VGGYTCAANSIPYQVSLNSGSHFCGGSLINSQWVVSAAHCYKSRIQVRLGEHNI DVLEGNEQFINAAKIITHPNFNGNTLDNDIMLIKLSPPATLNSRVATVSLPRSCA AAGTECLISGWGNTKSSGSSYPSLLQCLKAPVLSDSCKSSYPGQITGNMICVGF LEGGKDSCQGDSSGPPVVCNGQLQGIVSWGYGCAQKNKPGVYTKVCNYVNWII QQTIAAN.

### Application Note

Biological Activity: 4500 USP units/mg protein. One USP unit of trypsin activity will produce a Delta A253 of 0.003 per minute in a reaction volume of 3.0ml at pH7.6 and 25°C, with BAEE as a substrate (1cm light path).

Solubility: It is recommended to reconstitute the lyophilized Porcine Trypsin in sterile 1mM HCl or 50mM HAC not less than 100 $\mu$ g/ml, which can then be further diluted to other aqueous solutions.

