

## 36-1370: Monoclonal Antibody to Cytokeratin 17 (KRT17) (Basal Epithelial Marker)(Clone : E3; same as Ks17.E3)

<b>Clonality :</b>	Monoclonal
<b>Clone Name :</b>	E3; same as Ks17.E3
<b>Application :</b>	FACS,IF,WB,IHC
<b>Reactivity :</b>	Human, Rat
<b>Gene :</b>	KRT17
<b>Gene ID :</b>	3872
<b>Uniprot ID :</b>	Q04695
<b>Format :</b>	Purified
<b>Alternative Name :</b>	KRT17
<b>Isotype :</b>	Mouse IgG2b, kappa
<b>Immunogen Information :</b>	The cytoskeletal fraction of Rat colon epithelium

### Description

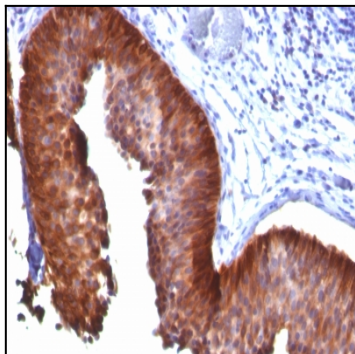
Cytokeratin 17 (CK17) is normally expressed in the basal cells of complex epithelia but not in stratified or simple epithelia. Antibody to CK17 is an excellent tool to distinguish myoepithelial cells from luminal epithelium of various glands such as mammary, sweat and salivary. CK17 is expressed in epithelial cells of various origins, such as bronchial epithelial cells and skin appendages. It may be considered as epithelial stem cell marker because CK17 Ab marks basal cell differentiation. CK17 is expressed in SCLC much higher than in LADC. Eighty-five percent of the triple negative breast carcinomas immunoreact with basal cytokeratins including anti-CK17. Also important is that cases of triple negative breast carcinoma with expression of CK17 show an aggressive clinical course. The histologic differentiation of ampullary cancer, intestinal vs. pancreatobiliary, is very important for treatment. Usually anti-CK17 and anti-MUC1 immunoreactivity represents pancreatobiliary subtype whereas anti-MUC2 and anti-CDX-2 positivity defines intestinal subtype.

### Product Info

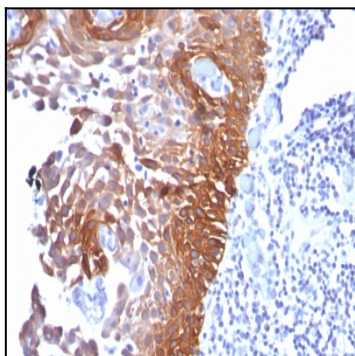
<b>Amount :</b>	100 µg
<b>Purification :</b>	Affinity Chromatography
<b>Content :</b>	100 µg in 500 µl PBS containing 0.05% BSA and 0.05% sodium azide. Sodium azide is highly toxic.
<b>Storage condition :</b>	Store the antibody at 4°C; stable for 6 months. For long-term storage; store at -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze and thaw cycles.

### Application Note

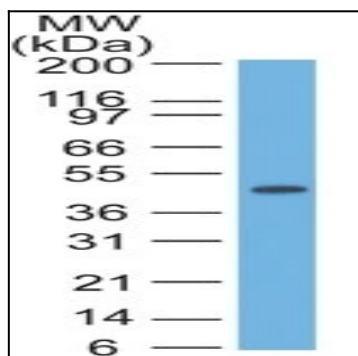
Flow Cytometry (1-2ug/million cells); Immunofluorescence (1-2ug/ml); Western Blot (1-2ug/ml); Immunohistochemistry (Frozen & formalin-fixed) (1-2ug/ml for 30 min at RT)(Staining of formalin-fixed tissues requires heating tissue sections in 10mM Tris with 1mM EDTA, pH 9.0, for 45 min at 95&degC followed by cooling at RT for 20 minutes);



Formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded human Bladder Carcinoma stained with CK17 Monoclonal Antibody (E3).



Formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded human Cervical Carcinoma stained with CK17 Monoclonal Antibody (E3).



Western Blot of HeLa Lysate using CK17 Monoclonal Antibody (E3).